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Industrial Gas Division

Nitrogen Material Safety Data Sheet

DPM 154-1

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TRADE NAME AND SYNONYMS
Nitrogen, LIN (Liquid only)

FORMULA
No. MW: 28.01

CHEMICAL NAME AND SYNONYMS
Nitrogen

CHEMICAL FAMILY
Inert gas

## **HEALTH HAZARD DATA**

THRESHOLD LIMIT VALUE

Nitrogen is a simple asphyxiant and has no threshold limit value (TLV).

SYMPTOMS IF INGESTED, CONTACTED WITH SKIN, OR VAPOR INHALED

Nitrogen is odorless and nontoxic, but may produce suffocation by diluting the concentration of oxygen in air below levels necessary to support life. PERSONNEL, **INCLUDING RESCUE WORKERS**, SHOULD NOT ENTER AREAS WHERE THE OXYGEN CONCENTRATION IS BELOW 19%, UNLESS PROVIDED WITH A SELF-CONTAINED BREATHING APPARATUS OR AIRLINE RESPIRATOR. Exposure to oxygen-deficient atmospheres may produce dizziness, nausea, vomiting, loss of consciousness, and death. Death may result from errors in judgement, confusion, or loss of consciousness which prevents self-rescue. At low oxygen concentrations unconsciousness and death may occur in seconds without warning. Extensive tissue damage or burns can result from exposure to liquid nitrogen or cold nitrogen vapors.

TOXICOLOGICAL PROPERTIES

Nitrogen is a simple asphyxiant and constitutes 79% of the air we breathe. Nitrogen does not support life and may produce immediately hazardous atmospheres through the displacement of oxygen. Nitrogen under high pressure can produce narcosis even though oxygen sufficient for life is present.

RECOMMENDED FIRST AID TREATMENT

Persons suffering from lack of oxygen should be moved to areas with normal atmospheres. SELF-CONTAINED BREATHING APPARATUS MAY BE REQUIRED TO PREVENT ASPHYXIATION OF RESCUE WORKERS. Assisted respiration and supplemental oxygen should be given if the victim is not breathing. If cryogenic liquid or cold boil-off gas contacts a worker's skin or eyes, frozen tissues should be flooded or soaked with tepid water (105-115F; 41-46C). DO NOT USE HOT WATER. Cryogenic burns which result in blistering or deeper tissue freezing should be seen promptly by a physician.

FLASH POINT (Method used) N/A	AUTO IGNITION TE	FLAMMABLE LIMITS N/A	LEL N/A	N/A
EXTINGUISHING MEDIA N/A		i stopping professorie i se i	Control of the contro	CLASSIFICATION N/A
SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES N/A		alian kangga ya di alah alah 190 da. Mangganian		janska – Propinski sa sakon Referi pojavić (Registra <u>se</u> sa
UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD N/A	S			
	PHYS	ICAL DATA	1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 -	
BOILING POINT (°F.) @ 1 atm320.5F (-195.8C)		FREEZING POINT (°F.)  @ 1 atm -346.0F (-210.0C)		
VAPOR PRESSURE (psia) N/A		SOLUBILITY IN WATER @ 68F (20C), 1 atm 1.52% by volume		
VAPOR DENSITY (lb/cu ft) @ 68F (20C), 1 atm 0.07273	SPECIFIC GRAVITY (AIR = 1) @ 68F (20C), 1 atm 0.967	LIQUID DENSITY (lb/cu ft)  @ boiling point, 1 atm		RAVITY (H <sub>2</sub> O = 1) ng point, 1 atm 0.808

## DISCLAIMER

Information contained in this data sheet is offered without charge for use by technically qualified personnel at their discretion and risk. All statements, technical information and recommendations contained herein are based on tests and data which we believe to be reliable, but the accuracy or completeness thereof is not guaranteed and no warranty of any kind is made with respect thereto. This information is not intended as a license to operate under or a recommendation to practice or infringe any patent of this Company or others covering any process, composition of matter or use.

Since the Company shall have no control of the use of the product described herein, the Company assumes no liability for loss or damage incurred from the proper or improper use of such product.

REACTIVITY DATA			
STABILITY	UNSTABLE		CONDITIONS TO AVOID
Inert	STABLE	X	None
INCOMPATIBILITY (Mater None	ials to avoid)		
HAZARDOUS DECOMPOS None	ITION PRODUCTS		
HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION	MAY OCCUR		CONDITIONS TO AVOID
	WILL NOT OCCUR	Х	None
			SPILL OR LEAK PROCEDURES

Avoid contact of skin with liquid nitrogen or its cold boil-off gas. Flush liquid nitrogen spill with water to disperse. Ventilate enclosed areas to prevent formation of oxygen-deficient atmospheres caused by the evaporation of liquid nitrogen or the release of gaseous nitrogen.

WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD

Allow liquid nitrogen to evaporate in a well ventilated outdoor location remote from work areas. Vent nitrogen gas slowly to a well ventilated outdoor location remote from work areas. Do not attempt to dispose of residual nitrogen in compressed gas cylinders. Return cylinders to Air Products with residual pressure, the cylinder valve tightly closed and valve caps in place.

## SPECIAL PROTECTION INFORMATION

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION (Specify type)

Use self-contained breathing apparatus in oxygen-deficient atmospheres. Caution! Respirators will not function. Use may result in asphyxiation.

VENTILATION Natural or mechanical where gas is present.

LOCAL EXHAUST MECHANICAL (General) SPECIAL OTHER

Vents should be situated to avoid higher than normal concentration of nitrogen in work areas.

PROTECTIVE GLOVES

(LIN) Loose-fitting gloves of impermeable materials such as leather. Leather work gloves are recommended when handling compressed gas cylinders.

EYE PROTECTION

(LIN) Chemical goggles or safety glasses. Safety glasses are recommended when handling high-pressure cylinders.

OTHER PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT

None

## SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS\*

SPECIAL LABELING INFORMATION

Nitrogen shipments must be in accordance with Department of Transportation (DOT) regulations using DOT "NON-FLAMMABLE GAS" label. Consult DOT regulations for details on the shipping of hazardous materials.

SPECIAL HANDLING RECOMMENDATIONS

Prevent contact of liquid nitrogen or cold boil-off gas with exposed skin. Prevent entrapment of liquid in closed systems. Use only in well ventilated areas. Compressed gas cylinders contain nitrogen at extremely high pressure and should be handled with care. Use a pressure-reducing regulator and pressure relief devices when connecting to lower pressure piping systems. Secure cylinders when in use. Never use direct flame to heat a compressed gas cylinder. Use a check valve to prevent back flow into storage container. Avoid dragging, rolling, or sliding cylinders, even for a short distance. Use a suitable hand truck. For additional handling recommendations on compressed gas cylinders, consult Compressed Gas Association Pamphlet P-1.

SPECIAL STORAGE RECOMMENDATIONS

Store liquid containers and cylinders in well ventilated areas. Keep cylinders away from sources of heat. Storage should not be in heavy traffic areas to prevent accidental knocking over or damage from passing or falling objects. Valve caps should remain on cylinders not connected for use. Segregate full and empty cylinders. Storage areas should be free of combustible material. Replace the cylinder cap when the cylinder is not in use. Avoid exposure to areas where salt or other corrosive chemicals are present. See Compressed Gas Association Pamphlet P-1 for additional storage recommendations.

SPECIAL PACKAGING RECOMMENDATIONS

Gaseous nitrogen containers meet DOT specifications or American Society of Mechanical Engineers (ASME) codes. Liquid nitrogen is stored in vacuum-insulated containers meeting DOT specifications or ASME codes.

OTHER RECOMMENDATIONS OR PRECAUTIONS

Liquid nitrogen is a cryogenic liquid. Materials of construction must be selected for compatibility with extremely low temperatures. Avoid use of carbon steel and other materials which become brittle at low temperatures. Compressed gas cylinders should not be refilled except by qualified producers of compressed gases. Shipment of a compressed gas cylinder filled without the permission of the owner is a violation of Federal Law. If oxygen-deficient atmospheres are suspected or can occur, use oxygen monitoring equipment to test for oxygen deficient atmospheres.

\*Various Government agencies (i.e., Department of Transportation, Occupational Safety and Health Administration, Food and Drug Administration and others) may have specific regulations concerning the transportation handling, storage or use of this product which will not be reflected in this data sheet. The customer should review these regulations to ensure that he is in full compliance.